

Attachment

Highlights of UNICEF reconstruction efforts for Sichuan

Health and Nutrition

- Essential medical supplies and technical support provided to restore the basic medical and public health service systems in 14 counties.
- 29,000 infants and young children benefited from a pilot micronutrient intervention.
- 780,000 children aged 0-6 in 36 earthquake-affected counties benefited from UNICEF's continued support to and refinement of the Child Immunization Registration Information System.

Water, Sanitation and Hygiene

- Construction of water systems and sanitation facilities completed, providing 150,000 people with sustainable drinking water and 40,000 people with access to sanitary.

Education

- Child Friendly School and Child Friendly Kindergarten curricula and guidelines introduced to schools to improve the quality of preschool and basic education services for 120,000 children.

Child protection

- 332,000 children and their parents continued to receive services through 40 Child Friendly Spaces (CFS) established after earthquake. The CFS Model has since been adopted and replicated by government in other parts of China.
- 38,000 teachers and school administrators trained on school safety education and management, and disaster preparedness integrated into the national school curriculum.

HIV/AIDS

- 550 HIV-affected women and children in the earthquake zone received continuous treatment and support through the establishment of an effective post-earthquake AIDS response mechanism. A network for community and family-based care developed and supported home visits and case management for 20,000 vulnerable children, including AIDS-affected.